

# **Celebrating The Feast of Yeshua**

## **Liturgy for Chag Yeshua (The Feast of Salvation)**

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## **Restoring Chag Yeshua The Feast of Deliverance** **By James Scott Trimm**

There is an amazing and important festival on the Biblical calendar which has been lost and has not been observed for centuries. The festival was enacted in the 3rd Book of the Maccabees, but since this book was removed from the canon (along with the rest of the apocrypha), this festival was effectively removed with it. As the restoration of truth continues, one of the things that we need to do is restore this lost, biblical festival to our observance.

What is the background of this festival? After the Battle of Raphia in 217 B.C.E. Ptolemy IV sought to enter the Holy of Holies in Jerusalem, but was miraculously repulsed (3Macc. 1:1-2:24). Upon returning from Egypt he seeks to punish the Jews there for his humiliation. He lowers their political status and seeks to impose paganism on them (3Macc. 2:25-33) and tortures and kills those that refuse to renounce Judaism (3Macc. 3:1-5:51) An elder priest named Eleazar prays for the deliverance of his people (3Macc. 6:1-25), YHWH intervenes bringing about the repentance of the king and the deliverance of the Jews (6:16-7:23) The Jews declared an annual festival called “The Feast of Deliverance” (Chag Yeshua) as an annual celebration of the salvation of the Jews in Egypt at this time. The festival enacted from the 8th to the 14th of the Egyptian month of Epeiph. The Egyptian calendar was a Solar Calendar and these days correspond to 19 August 217 BCE on the Julian Calendar and this was 12th Elul 3544 on the Hebrew calendar. This festival should be observed on the 12th of Elul each year.

And there is another element in this festival for us as believers in Messiah. The Hebrew word for “deliverance” is YESHUA so we have here “The Feast of Yeshua”. The deliverance of the Jews from the hand of Ptolemy IV points us forward to the deliverance of Israel by the Messiah Yeshua. This feast gives us another important theme, Messiah and the deliverance of Israel.

What do we do on Hag Yeshua? The text of 3 Maccabees tells us that the day was celebrated with rejoicing and they “were crowned with all kinds of fragrant flowers.” The text also tells us that they:

1. A celebratory meal called “The Banquet of Deliverance” or “The Banquet of Yeshua”. This should not be confused with the Passover Seder and would be more akin to a “Thanksgiving Dinner”, or this time of year, a barbeque. (3Macc. 6:31)
2. Traditional songs (“Songs of their fathers”) and praising Yah as “savior”. Particularly appropriate are songs about “Salvation” or which speak of Yah’s defense as our shield. (3Macc. 6:32)
3. Traditional Hebraic Dance (2Macc. 6:35)
4. Obviously the festival should involve recounting the story of 3 Maccabees.

Since the festival is in the summer (at least in the northern hemisphere) this points obviously to summer festivities. Modern activities could include barbeques and pool parties.

In 2010 Chag Yeshua (The Feast of Deliverance) will run seven days beginning Aug. 22, 2010 .I want to encourage you to join WNAE and other Nazarenes around the world this summer as we observe this festival again for the first time in nearly 2,000 years.

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*(You may wish to open with other liturgy including the Shema)*

*AHVOT: The Fathers*

*(The first blessing of the Amidah)*

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ וְאֱלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ. אֱלֹהֵי אַבְרָהָם  
אֱלֹהֵי יִצְחָק וְאֱלֹהֵי יַעֲקֹב. הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא  
אֵל עֲלִיוֹן. גּוֹמֵל חֲסָדִים טוֹבִים וְקִנְיָה הַכֹּל. וְזוֹכֵר חֲסָדֵי  
אֲבוֹת וּמְבִיא גּוֹאֵל לְבָנָי בְּנֵיהֶם לְמַעַן שְׁמוֹ בְּאַהֲבָה:  
זְכָרְנוּ לְחַיִּים מֶלֶךְ חַפֵּץ בְּחַיִּים. וְחַתְּמָנוּ בְּסֵפֶר הַחַיִּים.  
לְמַעַן אֱלֹהִים חַיִּים: מֶלֶךְ עוֹזֵר וּמוֹשִׁיעַ וּמְגֹן. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה  
יי מְגֹן אַבְרָהָם:

*Baruch Atah YHWH Eloheynu v'Elohey a vo taynoo.  
Elohey Avraham, Elohey Yitzchak V'Elohey Ya a kov,  
Ha EL Ha Gadol, Ha Geebor, v'Ha Nora,  
El Elyon, go mail chasadeem toveem, v'konay ha kol.  
v'zo care chas day ahvot oo mayvee go ail leevnay v'nay hem  
l'ma an sh'mo b'a havah.*

*Melech Ozair U'MaSHEEAH u OO 'MAGEN  
Baruch Atah YHWH, Magen Avraham!*

Blessed Are You YHWH, our Elohim and Elohim of our fathers; Elohim of Avraham,  
Elohim of Yitzchak,  
Elohim of Yaacov, the great and mighty and awesome Elohim, the most high Elohim,  
who bestows grace and creates all  
and remembers the kindnesses of the fathers and brings a Redeemer to their children's  
children, for His Name's sake with love.

O King, helper Savior and Shield!  
Blessed are You YHWH. Shield of Avraham.

Deliver us also according to your marvellous works,  
and give glory to your name, O YHWH:  
and let all them that do your servants hurt be ashamed;  
And let them be confounded in all their power and might,  
and let their strength be broken;  
And let them know that you are Elohim,  
the only Elohim, and glorious over the whole world.  
*(From Long Daniel 3- The Prayer of Azariah)*

Leader: Blessed are you, O Adonai YHWH of our fathers:  
Cong: and to be praised and exalted above all for ever.

Leader: And blessed is your glorious and holy name:  
Cong: and to be praised and exalted above all for ever.

Leader: Blessed are you in the temple of your holy glory:  
Cong: and to be praised and glorified above all for ever.

Leader: Blessed are you that behold the depths, and sits upon the cherubim:  
Cong: and to be praised and exalted above all for ever.

Leader: Blessed art thou on the glorious throne of your kingdom:  
Cong: and to be praised and glorified above all for ever.

Leader: Blessed are you in the firmament of heaven:  
Cong: and above ail to be praised and glorified for ever.

Leader: O all your works of YHWH, bless you YHWH :  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever,

Leader: O you heavens, bless you YHWH :  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you angels of YHWH, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O all you waters that be above the heaven,  
Cong: bless you YHWH: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O all you powers of YHWH, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: you sun and moon, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you stars of heaven, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O every shower and dew, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O all you winds, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever,

Leader: O you fire and heat, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you winter and summer, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you dews and storms of snow, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you nights and days, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: bless and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you light and darkness, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you ice and cold, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you frost and snow, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you lightnings and clouds, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O let the earth bless YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you mountains and little hills,  
Cong: bless you YHWH: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O all you things that grow in the earth,  
Cong: bless you YHWH: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you mountains, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: Praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you seas and rivers,  
Cong: bless you YHWH: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you whales, and all that move in the waters,  
Cong: bless you YHWH: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O all you fowls of the air,  
Cong: bless you YHWH: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O all you beasts and cattle,  
Cong: bless you YHWH: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you children of men, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O Israel, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you priests of YHWH, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you servants of YHWH, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you spirits and souls of the righteous, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: O you holy and humble men of heart, bless you YHWH:  
Cong: praise and exalt him above all for ever.

Leader: ... bless you YHWH: praise and exalt him above all for ever: for he delivers us from sheol, and saves us from the hand of death, and delivered out of the midst of the furnace and burning flame: even out of the midst of the fire has he delivered....  
O give thanks unto YHWH, because he is gracious: for his mercy endures for ever.  
O all you that worship YHWH, bless the Elohim of Elohim, praise him, and give him thanks: for his mercy endures for ever.

*(From Long Daniel 3 The Song of the Three Young Men)*

*(Blessing for reading the Chag Yeshua Story)*

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר  
קִדְּשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו, וְצִוָּנוּ: עַל מִקְרָא  
דְּבַר חַג יֵשׁוּעַ

*Bo-ruch A-toh YHWH E-lo-hei-nu Me-lech Ha-olom A-sheer Ki-de-sho-nu Be-mitz-vo-sov  
Ve-tzi-vo-nu Al Mikra davar Chag Yeshua.*

Blessed Are You YHVH, our Elohim, King of the universe, Who made us holy with His commandments and commanded us about the Mitzvah of reading the account of the Feast of Yeshua."

(All answer "Amen.")

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, שֶׁעָשָׂה נִסִּים  
לְאַבוֹתֵינוּ. בְּיָמִים הָהֵם, בְּזְמַן הַזֶּה. (אָמֵן - Amen)

*Bo-ruch A-toh YHWH E-lo-hei-nu Me-lech Ha-olom She-o-so Ni-sim La-avo-sei-nu Ba-  
yo-mim Ho-heim Bi-z'man Ha-zeh*

Blessed Are You YHVH, our Elohim, King of the universe, Who made miracles for our forefathers, in those days at this time of the year."

(All answer "Amen.")

*(Shehecheyanu—The Blessing for the New Season)*

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם • שֶׁהַחַיִּינוּ וְקִיָּמנוּ  
וְהִגִּיעָנוּ לְזֶמַן הַזֶּה :

*Baruch atta YHWH Eloheynu Melech HaOlam  
Shehecheyanu v'ki-y'manu v'higianu la-zman hazeh.*

Blessed are you YHWH our Elohim, King of the Universe  
Who has kept us in life, and has preserved us, and enabled us to reach this time.

(Read 3Maccabees)

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, הָרַב אֶת  
רִיבֵנוּ, וְהִדָּן אֶת דִּינֵנוּ, וְהִנָּקֵם אֶת נַקְמָתֵנוּ, וְהַמְשִׁלֵם  
גְּמוּל לְכָל אֹיְבֵי נַפְשֵׁנוּ, וְהַנְּפָרֵע לָנוּ מִצָּרֵנוּ. בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְהוָה,  
הַנְּפָרֵע לְעַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל מִכָּל צָרֵיהֶם, הָאֵל הַמּוֹשִׁיעַ.

*Bo-ruch A-toh YHWH E-lo-hei-nu Me-lech Ha-olom  
Horov es rivaynu, v'hadon es dinaynu, v'kanokaym es nikmosaynu,  
V'ham'shalaym g'mul l'chol o-y'vay nafshaynu  
V'hanifro lonu mitzoraynu  
Bo-ruch A-toh YHWH hanifro l'amo yisro-ayl mikol tzorayhem,  
Ho-Ayl haMoshiach*

Blessed are you YHWH our Elohim, King of the Universe, who has contended for us and defended our cause, avenging us by bringing retribution on all our mortal enemies and delivering us from our adversaries. Blessed are You, YHWH, who delivers His people from all their adversaries- The El of the Messiah.

(Cong: Omayn)

(The Aaronic Blessing)

יְבָרְכֶךָ יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ וְיִשְׁמְרֶךָ:  
יְאֵר יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ פָּנָיו אֵלֵינוּ וְיִחַנְּנֵנוּ:  
יִשָּׂא יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ פָּנָיו אֵלֵינוּ וְיִשֵּׂם לָנוּ שְׁלוֹם:

Yee-var-ech-echa Yahweh  
V'yeesh-ma-recha;  
Ya-Air Yahweh panav Ah-lecha  
v'yee-choo-necha;  
Yee-saw Yahweh panav Ah-lecha  
v'ya-same l'cha shalom.

Yahweh bless you and keep you;  
Yahweh make His face shine upon you, And be gracious to you;  
Yahweh lift up His countenance upon you, And give you peace.  
(Numbers 6:24-26)

**Appendix**  
**Recommended Chag Yeshua Songs**

**Deliverance/Protection/Victory Theme:**

Behold!

And it Shall Come to Pass

Melech Ozair

As the Mountains

Shield about Me

In the Shadow of your Wings

Shouts of Joy

**Yeshau (the Messiah) Theme:**

Do You Know Yeshua?

In Yeshua's Name

**Rejoicing Theme:**

He Put Laughter into My Soul

He has Made me Glad

Roni Bat Tzion



# ספר מקבים ג

## 3Maccabim

### CHAPTER 1

1 Now Philopater, on learning from those who came back that Antiochus had made himself master of the places which belonged to himself, sent orders to all his footmen and horsemen, took with him his sister Arsinoe, and marched out as far as the parts of Raphia, where Antiochus and his forces encamped.

2 And one Theodotus, intending to carry out his design, took with him the bravest of the armed men who had been before committed to his trust by Ptolemy, and got through at night to the tent of Ptolemy, to kill him on his own responsibility, and so to end the war.

3 But Dositheus, called the son of Drimulus, by birth a Jew, afterward a renegade from the laws and observances of his country, conveyed Ptolemy away, and made an obscure person lie down in his stead in the tent. It befell this man to receive the fate which was meant for the other.

4 A fierce battle then took place; and the men of Antiochus prevailing, Arsinoe continually went up and down the ranks, and with dishevelled hair, with tears and entreaties, begged the soldiers to fight manfully for themselves, their children, and wives; and promised that if they proved conquerors, she would give them two minae of gold apiece.

5 It thus fell out that their enemies were defeated in hand-to-hand encounter, and that many of them were taken prisoners.

6 Having vanquished this attempt, the king then decided to proceed to the neighbouring cities, and encourage them.

7 By doing this, and by making donations to their temples, he inspired his subjects with confidence.

8 The Jews sent some of their council and of their elders to him. The greetings, guest-gifts, and congratulations of the past, bestowed by them, filled him with the greater eagerness to visit their city.

9 Having arrived at Yerushalayim, sacrificed, and offered thank-offerings to the Greatest Elohim, and done whatever else was suitable to the sanctity of the place, and entered the inner court,

10 he was so struck with the magnificence of the place, and so wondered at the orderly arrangements of the temple, that he considered entering the sanctuary itself.

11 And when they told him that this was not permissible, none of the nation, no, nor even the priests in general, but only the supreme Cohen HaGadol of all, and he only once in a year, being allowed to go in<sup>1</sup>, he would by no means give way.

12 Then they read the Torah to him; but he persisted in obtruding himself, exclaiming, that he ought to be allowed: and saying Be it that they were deprived of this honour, I ought not to be.

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<sup>1</sup> Ex. 30:10; Lev. 16:2, 11-12, 15, 34; Heb. 9:7

13 And he put the question, Why, when he entered all the temples, none of the priests who were present forbade him?  
14 He was thoroughly answered by some one, That he did wrong to boast of this.  
15 Well; since I have done this, said he, be the cause what it may, shall I not enter with or without your consent?  
16 And when the priests fell down in their sacred vestments imploring the Greatest Elohim to come and help in time of need, and to avert the violence of the fierce aggressor, and when they filled the temple with lamentations and tears,  
17 then those who had been left behind in the city were scared, and rushed forth, uncertain of the event.  
18 Virgins, who had been shut up within their chambers, came out with their mothers, scattering dust and ashes on their heads, and filling the streets with outcries.  
19 Women, but recently separated off, left their bridal chambers, left the reserve that befitted them, and ran about the city in a disorderly manner.  
20 New-born babes were deserted by the mothers or nurses who waited upon them; some here, some there, in houses, or in fields; these now, with an ardour which could not be checked, swarmed into the Most High Temple.  
21 Various were the prayers offered up by those who assembled in this place, on account of the unholy attempt of the king.  
22 Along with these there were some of the citizens who took courage, and would not submit to his obstinacy, and his intention of carrying out his purpose.  
23 Calling out to arms, and to die bravely in defence of the Torah of their fathers, they created a great uproar in the place, and were with difficulty brought back by the aged and the elders to the station of prayer which they had occupied before.  
24 During this time the multitude kept on praying.  
25 The elders who surrounded the king strove in many ways to divert his haughty mind from the design which he had formed.  
26 He, in his hardened mood, insensible to all persuasion, was going onwards with the view of carrying out this design.  
27 Yet even his own officers, when they saw this, joined the Jews in an appeal to Him who has all power, to aid in the present crisis, and not wink at such overweening lawlessness<sup>2</sup>.  
28 Such was the frequency and the vehemence of the cry of the assembled crowd, that an indescribable noise ensued.  
29 Not the men only, but the very walls and floor seemed to sound forth; all things preferring dissolution rather than to see the place defiled.

## CHAPTER 2

1 Now was it that the Cohen HaGadol Shim'om bowed his knees over against the Set-apart Place, and spread out his hands in reverent form, and uttered the following supplication:

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<sup>2</sup> Greek: ανομιον from the Greek prefix α- "without" and νομιον

2 O YHWH, YHWH, King of the heavens, and Ruler of the whole creation, Set-apart among the set-apart, sole Governor, Almighty, give ear to us who are oppressed by a wicked and profane one, who exults in his confidence and strength.

3 It is you, the Creator of all, the Master of the universe, who are a righteous Governor, and judge all who act with pride and insolence.

4 It was you who did destroy the former workers of unrighteousness, among whom were the giants, who trusted in their strength and hardihood, by covering them with a measureless flood<sup>3</sup>.

5 It was you who did make the Sodomites, those workers of exceeding iniquity, men notorious for their vices, an example to after generations, when you did cover them with fire and brimstone.<sup>4</sup>

6 You did make known your power when you caused the bold Pharaoh, the enslaver of your people, to pass through the ordeal of many and diverse inflictions.<sup>5</sup>

7 And you rolled the depths of the sea over him, when he made pursuit with chariots, and with a multitude of followers, and gave a safe passage to those who put their trust in you, the Master of the whole creation<sup>6</sup>.

8 These saw and felt the works of your hands, and praised you the Almighty.

9 You, O King, when you created the illimitable and measureless earth, did choose out this city: you did make this place sacred to your name, albeit you need nothing: you did glorify it with your illustrious presence, after constructing it to the glory of your great and honourable name.

10 And you did promise, out of love to the people of Yisrael, that should we fall away from you, and become afflicted, and then come to this house and pray, you would hear our prayer<sup>7</sup>.

11 Verily you are faithful and true.

12 And when you did often aid our fathers when hard pressed, and in low estate, and deliveredst them out of great dangers,

13 see now, set-apart King, how through our many and great sins we are borne down, and made subject to our enemies, and are become weak and powerless.

14 We being in this low condition, this bold and profane man seeks to dishonour this your set-apart place, consecrated out of the earth to the name of your Majesty.

15 Your dwelling place, the heaven of heavens, is indeed unapproachable to men.

16 But since it seemed good to you to exhibit your glory among your people Yisrael, you did sanctify this place<sup>8</sup>.

17 Punish us not by means of the uncleanness of their men, nor chastise us by means of their profanity; lest the opposers of Torah<sup>9</sup> should boast in their rage, and exult in exuberant pride of speech, and say,

18 We have trampled upon the set-apart house, as idolatrous houses are trampled upon.

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<sup>3</sup> Gen. 6:4-7; 7; 1En. 7:2; 15:8

<sup>4</sup> Gen. 19:24

<sup>5</sup> Ex. 5-12

<sup>6</sup> Ex. 14:21-31

<sup>7</sup> 1Kn. 8:33-53

<sup>8</sup> 1Kn. 8:27-29

<sup>9</sup> Greek: *παράνομοι* “opposers of Torah” from the Greek prefix *παρά* “to oppose” and the Greek word *νομος* “Torah”.

19 Blot out our iniquities, and do away with our errors, and show forth your compassion in this hour.

20 Let your mercies quickly go before us. Grant us shalom, that the cast down and broken hearted may praise you with their mouth.

21 At that time Elohim, who sees all things, who is beyond all Set-apart among the set-apart, heard that prayer, so suitable; and scourged the man greatly uplifted with scorn and insolence.

22 Shaking him to and fro as a reed is shaken with the wind, he cast him upon the pavement, powerless, with limbs paralyzed; by a righteous judgment deprived of the faculty of speech.

23 His friends and bodyguards, beholding the swift recompense which had suddenly overtaken him, struck with exceeding terror, and fearing that he would die, speedily removed him.

24 When in course of time he had come to himself, this severe check caused no repentance within him, but he departed with bitter threatenings.

25 He proceeded to Egypt, grew worse in wickedness through his before mentioned companions in wine, who were lost to all goodness;

26 and not satisfied with countless acts of impiety, his audacity so increased that he raised evil reports there, and many of his friends, watching his purpose attentively, joined in furthering his will.

27 His purpose was to indict a public stigma upon our race; wherefore he erected a pillar at the towerporch, and caused the following inscription to be engraved upon it:

28 That entrance to their own temple was to be refused to all those who would not sacrifice; that all the Jews were to be registered among the common people; that those who resisted were to be forcibly seized and put to death;

29 that those who were thus registered, were to be marked on their persons by the ivyleaf symbol of Dionysus, and to be set apart with these limited rights.

30 To do away with the appearance of hating them all, he had it written underneath, that if any of them should elect to enter the community of those initiated in the rites, these should have equal rights with the Alexandrians.

31 Some of those who were over the city, therefore, abhorring any approach to the city of piety, unhesitatingly gave in to the king, and expected to derive some great honour from a future connection with him.

32 A nobler spirit, however, prompted the majority to cling to their religious observances, and by paying money that they might live unmolested, these sought to escape the registration:

33 cheerfully looking forward to future aid, they abhorred their own apostates, considering them to be national foes, and debarring them from the common usages of social intercourse.

### **CHAPTER 3**

1 On discovering this, so incensed was the wicked king, that he no longer confined his rage to the Jews in Alexandria. Laying his hand more heavily upon those who lived in the

country, he gave orders that they should be quickly collected into one place, and most cruelly deprived of their lives.

2 While this was going on, an invidious rumour was uttered abroad by men who had banded together to injure the Jewish race. The purport of their charge was, that the Jews kept them away from the ordinances of the Torah.

3 Now, while the Jews always maintained a feeling of un-swerving loyalty towards the kings,

4 yet, as they worshipped Elohim, and observed his Torah, they made certain distinctions, and avoided certain things. Hence some persons held them in odium;

5 although, as they adorned their conversation with works of righteousness, they had established themselves in the good opinion of the world.

6 What all the rest of mankind said, was, however, made of no account by the foreigners;

7 who said much of the exclusiveness of the Jews with regard to their worship and meats; they alleged that they were men unsociable, hostile to the king's interests, refusing to associate with him or his troops. By this way of speaking, they brought much odium upon them.

8 Nor was this unexpected uproar and sudden conflux of people unobserved by the Greeks who lived in the city, concerning men who had never harmed them: yet to aid them was not in their power, since all was oppression around; but they encouraged them in their troubles,

and expected a favourable turn of affairs:

9 He who knows all things, will not, [said they,] disregard so great a people.

10 Some of the neighbors, friends, and fellow dealers of the Jews, even called them secretly to an interview, pledged them their assistance, and promised to do their very utmost for them.

11 Now the king, elated with his prosperous fortune, and not regarding the superior power of Elohim, but thinking to persevere in his present purpose, wrote the following letter to the prejudice of the Jews.

12 King Ptolemy Philopater, to the commanders and soldiers in Egypt, and in all places, health and happiness!

13 I am right well; and so, too, are my affairs.

14 Since our Asiatic campaign, the particulars of which you know, and which by the aid of the gods, not lightly given, and by our own vigour, has been brought to a successful issue according to our expectation,

15 we resolved, not with strength of spear, but with gentleness and much humanity, as it were to nurse the inhabitants of Coele-Syria and Phoenicia, and to be their willing benefactors.

16 So, having bestowed considerable sums of money upon the temples of the several cities, we proceeded even as far as Yerushalayim; and went up to honour the temple of these wretched beings who never cease from their folly.

17 To outward appearance they received us willingly; but belied that appearance by their deeds. When we were eager to enter their temple, and to honour it with the most beautiful and exquisite gifts,

18 they were so carried away by their old arrogance, as to forbid us the entrance; while we, out of our forbearance toward all men, refrained from exercising our power upon them.

19 And thus, exhibiting their enmity against us, they alone among the nations lift up their heads against kings and benefactors, as men unwilling to submit to any thing reasonable.

20 We then, having endeavoured to make allowance for the madness of these persons, and on our victorious return treating all people in Egypt courteously, acted in a manner which was befitting.

21 Accordingly, bearing no ill-will against their kinsmen [at Yerushalayim,] but rather remembering our connection with them, and the numerous matters with sincere heart from a remote period entrusted to them, we wished to venture a total alteration of their state, by bestowing upon them the rights of citizens of Alexandria, and to admit them to the everlasting rites of our solemnities.

22 All this, however, they have taken in a very different spirit. With their innate malignity, they have spurned the fair offer; and constantly inclining to evil,

23 have rejected the inestimable rights. Not only so, but by using speech, and by refraining from speech, they abhor the few among them who are heartily disposed towards us; ever deeming that their ignoble course of procedure will force us to do away with our reform.

24 Having then, received certain proofs that these [Jews] bear us every sort of ill-will, we must look forward to the possibility of some sudden tumult among ourselves, when these impious men may turn traitors and barbarous enemies.

25 As soon, therefore, as the contents of this letter become known to you, in that same hour we order those [Jews] who dwell among you, with wives and children, to be sent to us, vilified and abused, in chains of iron, to undergo a death, cruel and ignominious, suitable to men disaffected.

26 For by the punishment of them in one body we perceive that we have found the only means of establishing our affairs for the future on a firm and satisfactory basis.

27 Whosoever shall shield a Jew, whether it be old man, child, or suckling, shall with his whole house be tortured to death.

28 Whoever shall inform against the [Jews,] besides receiving the property of the person charged, shall be presented with two thousand drachmae from the royal treasury, shall be made free, and shall be crowned.

29 Whatever place shall shelter a Jew, shall, when he is hunted forth, be put under the ban of fire, and be for ever rendered useless to every living being for all time to come.

30 Such was the purport of the king's letter.

#### **CHAPTER 4**

1 Wherever this decree was received, the people kept up a revelry of joy and shouting; as if their long-pent-up, hardened hatred, were now to shew itself openly.

2 The Jews suffered great throes of sorrow, and wept much; while their hearts, all things around being lamentable, were set on fire as they bewailed the sudden destruction which was decreed against them.

3 What home, or city, or place at all inhabited, or what streets were there, which their condition did not fill with wailing and lamentation?

4 They were sent out unanimously by the generals in the several cities, with such stern and pitiless feeling, that the exceptional nature of the infliction moved even some of their enemies. These, influenced by sentiments of common humanity, and reflecting upon the uncertain issue of life, shed tears at this their miserable expulsion.

5 A multitude of aged hoary-haired old men, were driven along with halting bending feet, urged onward by the impulse of a violent, shameless force to quick speed.

6 Girls who had entered the bridal chamber quite lately, to enjoy the partnership of marriage, exchanged pleasure for misery; and with dust scattered upon their myrrh-anointed heads, were hurried along unveiled; and, in the midst of outlandish insults, set up with one accord a lamentable cry in lieu of the marriage hymn.

7 Bound, and exposed to public gaze, they were hurried violently on board ship.

8 The husbands of these, in the prime of their youthful vigour, instead of crowns wore halters round their necks; instead of feasting and youthful jollity, spent the rest of their nuptial days in wailings, and saw only the grave at hand.

9 They were dragged along by unyielding chains, like wild beasts: of these, some had their necks thrust into the benches of the rowers; while the feet of others were enclosed in hard fetters.

10 The planks of the deck above them barred out the light, and shut out the day on every side, so that they might be treated like traitors during the whole voyage.

11 They were conveyed accordingly in this vessel, and at the end of it arrived at Schedia. The king had ordered them to be cast into the vast hippodrome, which was built in front of the city. This place was well adapted by its situation to expose them to the gaze of all comers into the city, and of those who went from the city into the country. Thus they could

hold no communication with his forces; nay, were deemed unworthy of any civilized accommodation.

12 When this was done, the king, hearing that their brothers in the city often went out and lamented the melancholy distress of these victims,

13 was full of rage, and commanded that they should be carefully subjected to the same (and not one whit milder) treatment.

14 The whole nation was now to be registered. Every individual was to be specified by name; not for that hard servitude of labour which we have a little before mentioned, but that he might expose them to the before-mentioned tortures; and finally, in the short space of a day, might extirpate them by his cruelties.

15 The registering of these men was carried on cruelly, zealously, assiduously, from the rising of the sun to its going down, and was not brought to an end in forty days.

16 The king was filled with great and constant joy, and celebrated banquets before the temple idols. His erring heart, far from the truth, and his profane mouth, gave glory to idols, deaf and incapable of speaking or aiding, and uttered unworthy speech against the Greatest Elohim.

17 At the end of the above-mentioned interval of time, the registrars brought word to the king that the multitude of the Jews was too great for registration,

18 inasmuch as there were many still left in the land, of whom some were in inhabited houses, and others were scattered about in various places; so that all the commanders in Egypt were insufficient for the work.

19 The king threatened them, and charged them with taking bribes, in order to contrive the escape of the Jews: but was clearly convinced of the truth of what had been said.

20 They said, and proved, that paper and pens had failed them for the carrying out of their purpose.

21 Now this was an active interference of the unconquerable Providence which assisted the Jews from heaven.

## CHAPTER 5

1 Then he called Hermon, who had charge of the elephants. Full of rage, altogether fixed in his furious design,

2 he commanded him, with a quantity of unmixed wine and handfuls of incense [infused] to drug the elephants early on the following day. These five hundred elephants were, when infuriated by the copious draughts of frankincense, to be led up to the execution of death upon the Jews.

3 The king, after issuing these orders, went to his feasting, and gathered together all those of his friends and of the army who hated the Jews the most.

4 The master of the elephants, Hermon, fulfilled his commission punctually.

5 The underlings appointed for the purpose went out about eventide and bound the hands of the miserable victims, and took other precautions for their security at night, thinking that the whole race would perish together.

6 The heathen believed the Jews to be destitute of all protection; for chains fettered them about.

7 they invoked the Almighty YHWH, and ceaselessly besought with tears their merciful Elohim and Father, Ruler of all, Master of every power,

8 to overthrow the evil purpose which was gone out against them, and to deliver them by extraordinary manifestation from that death which was in store for them.

9 their litany so earnest went up to heaven.

10 Then Hermon, who had filled his merciless elephants with copious draughts of mingled wine and frankincense, came early to the palace to certify the kind thereof.

11 He, however, who has sent his good creature sleep from all time by night or by day thus gratifying whom he wills, diffused a portion thereof now upon the king.

12 By this sweet and profound influence of YHWH he was held fast, and thus his unjust purpose was quite frustrated, and his unflinching resolve greatly falsified.

13 But the Jews, having escaped the hour which had been fixed, praised their set-apart Elohim, and again prayed him who is easily reconciled to display the power of his powerful hand to the overweening Goyim.

14 The middle of the tenth hour had well nigh arrived, when the master-bidder, seeing the guests who were bidden collected, came and shook the king.

15 He gained his attention with difficulty, and hinting that the mealtime was getting past, talked the matter over with him.

16 The king listened to this, and then turning aside to his potations, commanded the guests to sit down before him.

17 This done, he asked them to enjoy themselves, and to indulge in mirth at this somewhat late hour of the banquet.

18 Conversation grew on, and the king sent for Hermon, and enquired of him, with fierce denunciations, why the Jews had been allowed to outlive that day.

19 Hermon explained that he had done his bidding over night; and in this he was confirmed by his friends.

20 The king, then, with a barbarity exceeding that of Phalaris, said, That they might thank his sleep of that day. Lose no time, and get ready the elephants against tomorrow, as you did before, for the destruction of these accursed Jews.

21 When the king said this, the company present were glad, and approved; and then each man went to his own home.

22 Nor did they employ the night in sleep, so much as in contriving cruel mockeries for those deemed miserable.

23 The morning cock had just crowed, and Hermon, having harnessed the brutes, was stimulating them in the great colonnade.

24 The city crowds were collected together to see the hideous spectacle, and waited impatiently for the dawn.

25 The Jews, breathless with momentary suspense, stretched forth their hands, and prayed the Greatest Elohim, in mournful strains, again to help them speedily.

26 The sun's rays were not yet shed abroad, and the king was waiting for his friends, when Hermon came to him, calling him out, and saying, That his desires could now be realized.

27 The king, receiving him, was astonished at his unwonted exit; and, overwhelmed with a spirit of oblivion about everything, enquired the object of this earnest preparation.

28 But this was the working of that Almighty Elohim who had made him forget all his purpose.

29 Hermon, and all his friends, pointed out the preparation of the animals. They are ready, O king, according to your own strict injunction.

30 The king was filled with fierce anger at these words; for, by the Providence of Elohim regarding these things, his mind had become entirely confused. He looked hard at Hermon, and threatened him as follows:

31 Your parents, or your children, were they here, to these wild beasts a large repast they should have furnished; not these innocent Jews, who me and my forefathers loyally have served.

32 Had it not been for familiar friendship, and the claims of your office, your life should have gone for theirs.

33 Hermon, being threatened in this unexpected and alarming manner, was troubled in visage, and depressed in countenance.

34 The friends, too, stole out one by one, and dismissed the assembled multitudes to their respective occupations.

35 The Jews, having heard of these events, praised the glorious Elohim and King of kings, because they had obtained this help, too, from him.

36 Now the king arranged another banquet after the same manner, and proclaimed an invitation to mirth.

37 And he summoned Hermon to his presence, and said, with threats, How often, O wretch, must I repeat my orders to you about these same persons?

38 Once more, arm the elephants against the morrow for the extermination of the Jews.

39 His kinsmen, who were reclining with him, wondered at his instability, and thus expressed themselves:  
40 O king, how long dost you make trial of us, as of men bereft of reason? This is the third time that you have ordered their destruction. When the thing is to be done, you change your mind, and recall your instructions.  
41 For this cause the feeling of expectation causes tumult in the city: it swarms with factions; and is continually on the point of being plundered.  
42 The king, just like another Phalaris, a prey to thoughtlessness, made no account of the changes which his own mind had undergone, issuing in the deliverance of the Jews. He swore a fruitless oath, and determined forthwith to send them to hades, crushed by the knees and feet of the elephants.  
43 He would also invade Judea, and level its towns with fire and the sword; and destroy that temple which the heathen might not enter, and prevent sacrifices ever after being offered up there.  
44 Joyfully his friends broke up, together with his kinsmen; and, trusting in his determination, arranged their forces in guard at the most convenient places of the city.  
45 And the master of the elephants urged the beasts into an almost maniacal state, drenched them with incense and wine, and decked them with frightful instruments.  
46 About early morning, when the city was now filled with an immense number of people at the hippodrome, he entered the palace, and called the king to the business in hand.  
47 The king's heart teemed with impious rage; and he rushed forth with the mass, along with the elephants. With feelings unsoftened, and eyes pitiless, he longed to gaze at the hard and wretched doom of the abovementioned [Jews].  
48 But the [Jews,] when the elephants went out at the gate, followed by the armed force; and when they saw the dust raised by the throng, and heard the loud cries of the crowd,  
49 thought that they had come to the last moment of their lives, to the end of what they had tremblingly expected. They gave way, therefore, to lamentations and moans: they kissed each other: those nearest of kin to each other hung about one another's necks: fathers about their sons, mother their daughters: other women held their infants to their breasts, which drew what seemed their last milk.  
50 Nevertheless, when they reflected upon the succour before granted them from heaven, they prostrated themselves with one accord; removed even the sucking children from the breasts, and  
51 sent up an exceeding great cry entreating YHWH of all power to reveal himself, and have mercy upon those who now lay at the gates of hades.

## CHAPTER 6

1 And El'azar, an illustrious cohen of the country, who had attained to length of days, and whose life had been adorned with virtue, caused the Elders who were about him to cease to cry out to the set-apart Elohim, and prayed thus:  
2 O king, mighty in power, most high, Almighty Elohim, who regulate the whole creation with your tender mercy,

3 look upon the seed of Avraham, upon the children of the sanctified Ya'akov, your sanctified inheritance, O Father, now being wrongfully destroyed as strangers in a strange land.

4 You destroyed Pharaoh, with his hosts of chariots, when that master of this same Egypt was uplifted with Torah-less<sup>10</sup> hardihood and loud-sounding tongue. Shedding the beams of your mercy upon the race of Yisrael, you did overwhelm him with his proud army.<sup>11</sup>

5 When Sennacherim, the grievous king of the Assyrians, glorying in his countless hosts, had subdued the whole land with his spear, and was lifting himself against your set-apart city, with boastings grievous to be endured, you, O YHWH, did demolish him and did shew forth your might to many nations<sup>12</sup>.

6 When the three friends in the land of Babylon of their own will exposed their lives to the fire rather than serve vain things, you did send a dewy coolness through the fiery furnace, and bring the fire upon all their adversaries<sup>13</sup>.

7 It was you who, when Daniel was hurled, through slander and envy, as a prey to lions down below, did bring him back against unhurt to light<sup>14</sup>.

8 When Yonah was pining away in the belly of the sea-bred monster, you did look upon him, O Father, and recover him to the sight of his own<sup>15</sup>.

9 And now, you who hate insolence; you who dost abound in mercy; you who are the protector of all things; appear quickly to those of the race of Yisrael, who are insulted by abhorred, Torah-less<sup>16</sup> goyim.

10 If our life has during our exile been stained with iniquity, deliver us from the hand of the enemy, and destroy us, O YHWH, by the death which you prefer.

11 Let not the vain-minded congratulate vain idols at the destruction of your beloved, saying, Neither did their god deliver them.

12 You, who are Allpowerful and Almighty, O Eternal One, behold! have mercy upon us who are being withdrawn from life, like traitors, by the unreasoning insolence of Torah-less<sup>17</sup> men.

13 Let the heathen cower before your invincible might today, O glorious One, who have all power to save the race of Ya'akov.

14 The whole band of infants and their parents with tears beseech you.

15 Let it be shewn to all the nations that you are with us, O YHWH, and have not turned your face away from us; but as you saidst that you wouldst not forget them even in the land of their enemies, so do you fulfil this saying, O YHWH.<sup>18</sup>

16 Now, at the time that El'azar had ended his prayer, the king came along to the hippodrome, with the wild beasts, and with his tumultuous power.

17 When the Jews saw this, they uttered a loud cry to heaven, so that the adjacent valleys resounded, and caused an irrepressible lamentation throughout the army.

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<sup>10</sup> Greek: ἀνομῶ from the Greek prefix α- (without) and the Greek word νομῶν "Torah"

<sup>11</sup> Ex. 14:28; 15

<sup>12</sup> 2Kn. 18:13; 19:35-37

<sup>13</sup> Dan. 3:22, 27, 50

<sup>14</sup> Dan. 6:24

<sup>15</sup> Jonah 1:17-2:10

<sup>16</sup> Greek: ἀνομῶν from the Greek prefix α- (without) and the Greek word νομῶν "Torah"

<sup>17</sup> ἀνομῶν from the Greek prefix α- (without) and the Greek word νομῶν "Torah"

<sup>18</sup> Lev. 26:44

18 Then the all-glorious, all-powerful, and true Elohim, displayed his set-apart countenance, and opened the gates of heaven, from which two angels, dreadful of form, came down and were visible to all but the Jews.

19 And they stood opposite, and filled the enemies' host with confusion and cowardice; and bound them with immoveable fetters.

20 And a cold shudder came over the person of the king, and oblivion paralysed the vehemence of his spirit.

21 They turned back the animals upon the armed forces which followed them; and the animals trod them down, and destroyed them.

22 The king's wrath was converted into compassion; and he wept at his own machinations.

23 For when he heard the cry, and saw them all on the verge of destruction, with tears he angrily threatened his friends, saying,

24 Ye have governed badly; and have exceeded tyrants in cruelty; and me your benefactor you have laboured to deprive at once of my dominion and my life, by secretly devising measures injurious to the kingdom.

25 Who has gathered here, unreasonably removing each from his home, those who, in fidelity to us, had held the fortresses of the country?

26 Who has thus consigned to unmerited punishments those who in good will towards us from the beginning have in all things surpassed all nations, and who often have engaged in the most dangerous undertakings?

27 Loose, loose the unjust bonds; send them to their homes in peace, and deprecate what has been done.

28 Release the sons of the almighty living Elohim of heaven, who from our ancestors' times until now has granted a glorious and uninterrupted prosperity to our affairs.

29 These things he said; and they, released the same moment, having now escaped death, praised Elohim their set-apart Saviour.

30 The king then departed to the city, and called his financier to him, and bade him provide a seven days' quantity of wine and other materials for feasting for the Jews. He decided that they should keep a gladsome festival of deliverance in the very place in which they expected to meet with their destruction.

31 Then they who were before despised and nigh unto hades, yea, rather advanced into it, partook of the cup of salvation, instead of a grievous and lamentable death. Full of exultation, they parted out the place intended for their fall and burial into banqueting booths.

32 Ceasing their miserable strain of woe, they took up the subject of their fatherland, hymning in praise Elohim their wonder-working Saviour. All groans, all wailing, were laid aside: they formed dances in token of serene joy.

33 So, also, the king collected a number of guests for the occasion, and returned unceasing thanks with much magnificence for the unexpected deliverance afforded him.

34 Those who had marked them out as for death and for carrion, and had registered them with joy, howled aloud, and were clothed with shame, and had the fire of their rage ingloriously put out.

35 But the Jews, as we just said, instituted a dance, and then gave themselves up to feasting, glad thanksgivings, and psalms.

36 They made a public ordinance to commemorate these things for generations to come, as long as they should be sojourners. They thus established these days as days of mirth, not for the purpose of drinking or luxury, but because Elohim had saved them.

37 They requested the king to send them back to their homes.

38 They were being enrolled from the twenty-fifth of Pachon to the fourth of Epiphi, a period of forty days: the measures taken for their destruction lasted from the fifth of Epiphi till the seventh, that is, three days.

39 The Ruler over all did during this time manifest forth his mercy gloriously, and did deliver them all together unharmed.

40 They feasted upon the king's provision up to the fourteenth day, and then asked to be sent away.

41 The king commended them, and wrote the subjoined letter, of magnanimous import for them, to the commanders of every city.

## CHAPTER 7

1 King Ptolemy Philopator to the commanders throughout Egypt, and to all who are set over affairs, joy and strength.

2 We, too, and our children are well; and Elohim has directed our affairs as we wish.

3 Certain of our friends did of malice vehemently urge us to punish the Jews of our realm in a body, with the infliction of a monstrous punishment.

4 They pretended that our affairs would never be in a good state till this took place. Such, they said, was the hatred borne by the Jews to all other people.

5 They brought them fettered in grievous chains as slaves, nay, as traitors. Without enquiry or examination they endeavoured to annihilate them. They buckled themselves with a savage cruelty, worse than Scythian custom.

6 For this cause we severely threatened them; yet, with the clemency which we are wont to extend to all men, we at length permitted them to live. Finding that the Elohim of heaven cast a shield of protection over the Jews so as to preserve them, and that he fought for them as a father always fights for his sons;

7 and taking into consideration their constancy and fidelity towards us and towards our ancestors, we have, as we ought, acquitted them of every sort of charge.

8 And we have dismissed them to their several homes; bidding all men everywhere to do them no wrong, or unrighteously revile them about the past.

9 For know you, that should we conceive any evil design, or in any way aggrieve them, we shall ever have as our opposite, not man, but the highest Elohim, the ruler of all might. From Him there will be no escape, as the avenger of such deeds. Fare you well.

10 When they had received this letter, they were not forward to depart immediately. They petitioned the king to be allowed to inflict fitting punishment upon those of their race who had willingly transgressed the set-apart Elohim, and the Torah of Elohim.

11 They alleged that men who had for their bellies' sake transgressed the ordinances of Elohim, would never be faithful to the interests of the king.

12 The king admitted the truth of this reasoning, and commended them. Full power was given them, without warrant or special commission, to destroy those who had transgressed the Torah of Elohim boldly in every part of the king's dominions.

13 Their priests, then, as it was meet, saluted him with good wishes, and all the people echoed with the Halleluyah. They then joyfully departed.

14 Then they punished and destroyed with ignominy every polluted Jew that fell in their way;

15 slaying thus, in that day, above three hundred men, and esteeming this destruction of the wicked a season of joy.

16 They themselves having held fast their Elohim unto death, and having enjoyed a full deliverance, departed from the city garlanded with sweet-flowered wreaths of every kind. Uttering exclamations of joy, with songs of praise, and melodious hymns they thanked the Elohim of their fathers, the eternal Saviour of Yisrael.

17 Having arrived at Ptolemais, called from the specialty of that district Rose-bearing, where the fleet, in accordance with the general wish, waited for them seven days,

18 they partook of a banquet of deliverance, for the king generously granted them severally the means of securing a return home.

19 They were accordingly brought back in shalom, while they gave utterance to becoming thanks; and they determined to keep these days during their sojourn as days of joyfulness.

20 These they registered as sacred upon a pillar, when they had dedicated the place of their festivity to be one of prayer. They departed unharmed, free, abundant in joy, preserved by the king's command, by land, by sea, and by river, each to his own home.

21 They had more weight than before among their enemies; and were honoured and feared, and no one in any way robbed them of their goods.

22 Every man received back his own, according to inventory; those who had obtained their goods, giving them up with the greatest terror. For the greatest Elohim wrought with perfectness wonders for their salvation.

23 Blessed be the Redeemer of Yisrael unto everlasting. Amen.